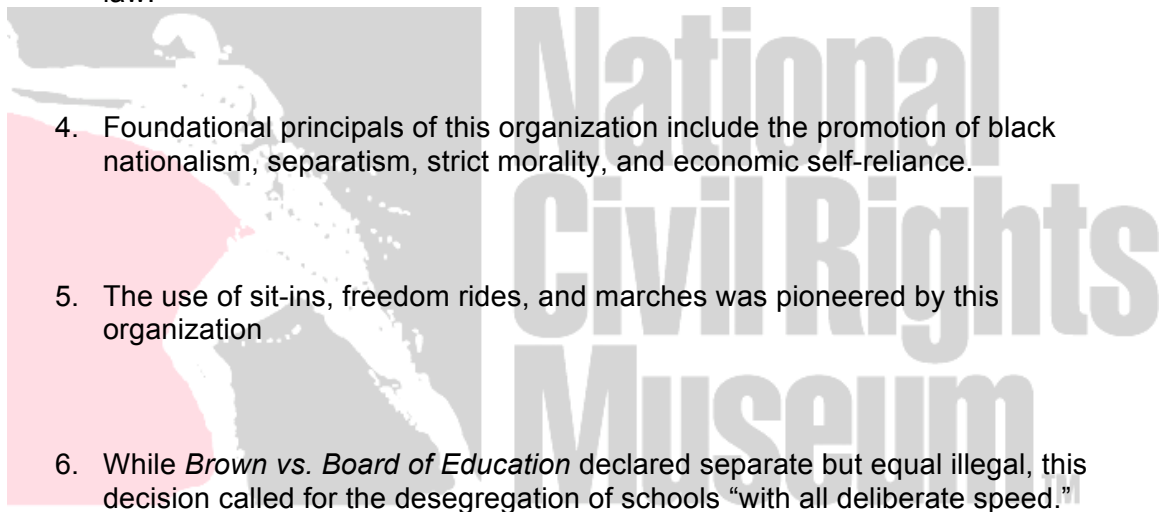


High School Scavenger Hunt

1. This Union Army regiment was comprised entirely of black soldiers.
2. This meeting of black leaders, which took place in 1876, studied the civil and political problems facing blacks and argued to Congress the need for equal education
3. This interracial organization sought to improve the industrial and living conditions of African Americans using methods derived from social work, economics, and law.



4. Foundational principals of this organization include the promotion of black nationalism, separatism, strict morality, and economic self-reliance.
 5. The use of sit-ins, freedom rides, and marches was pioneered by this organization
 6. While *Brown vs. Board of Education* declared separate but equal illegal, this decision called for the desegregation of schools "with all deliberate speed."
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7. Besides the Ku Klux Klan, other white supremacy groups promoted segregation. The most widespread of these groups, which included many high-ranking government officials, was _____.
 8. Out of the success of the Montgomery bus boycott, this organization emerged.
 9. Formed in 1960 with the help of Ella Baker, this group promoted grassroots student involvement.

High School Scavenger Hunt

10. Though a bus of Freedom Riders was bombed in this Alabama city, all riders escaped safely.
11. This president challenged Mississippi Governor Ross Barnett's attempt to block James Meredith from attending the University of Mississippi.
12. For the first time in the movement, Project "C" used _____ as protesters.
13. The 1963 March on Washington was organized by _____.
14. _____ opened the first Voter Registration School in McComb, Mississippi, where only 200 of the eligible 8,000 black adults were registered to vote.
15. Representatives of the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party (MFDP) traveled to this event, held in Atlantic City, in order to gain representation.
16. In response to the March from Selma to Montgomery, President Johnson took this action.
17. It was during the March Again Fear that Stokely Carmichael coined this phrase.
18. This organization advocated political change and community involvement, organizing many public services in their local California communities.
19. During the late 1960s, Dr. King began speaking out against this international event.
20. Dr. King gave what famous speech on April 3, 1968?



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21. Which advocate of nonviolent protest said, "An eye for an eye will only leave the whole world blind."?
22. This became the symbol of the Poor People's Campaign.
23. King was assassinated on April 4, 1968, but James Earl Ray was not apprehended until _____.
24. Name one alias used by James Earl Ray.

25. Identify one piece of evidence in the state's case against Ray and describe how was it linked back to him.

26. Name one individual assassinated in the struggle for civil rights and what he or she did.

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27. Name one achievement recognized as a legacy of the civil rights movement.

28. Name one Freedom Award Winner.



High School Scavenger Hunt

1. 54th Massachusetts
2. The Colored National Convention
3. National Urban League
4. Nation of Islam
5. Congress of Racial Equality (CORE)
6. *Brown II*
7. White Citizens' Council
8. Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)
9. Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC)
10. Anniston
11. President John F. Kennedy
12. schoolchildren
13. A. Philip Randolph
14. Bob Moses
15. Democratic National Convention
16. President Lyndon B. Johnson passed the 1965 Voting Rights Act
17. "Black Power"
18. The Black Panther Party
19. The Vietnam War
20. "I've Been to the Mountaintop"/"Mountaintop" speech
21. Gandhi
22. *Mule-drawn wagon/ Sharecroppers wagon*
23. *June 8*
24. *John Willard, Harvey Lowmeyer, Eric Galt, Ramon Sneyd*

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